A a Numb. 619

The Daily Courant.

Monday, April 10. 1704

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated April 15.

Turin, April 1.

THE 28th of last Month a Detachment of Imperialists and Piemontois commanded by Monsieur de Blagnac attack'd Chaumont near Suze on the Edge of Dauphiney, 2 Hours before day. The place was defended by 500 French Foot joyn'd by some Peasants, who were advertis'd of the approach of the Allies by a Deserter. At the first Onset the Enemy acquitted themselves very couragiously, and made a great Fire upon the Assailants; but finding themselves hard press'd they quitted the Place and fled: 50 of them were kill'd and 57 taken Prisoners, with 3 Officers; of the Imperialists 20 were lost, and of the Piemontois 4 Officers were kill'd with 14 Grenadiers and 24 Soldiers. Our Men pillag'd the Town, burnt the Magazines of Forrage the French had laid up there, but 800 Sacks of Meal and some Ammunitions that were found in it were carried to Suze, and the Prisoners to Avigliana. The Consuls and other Officers of Chaumont were conducted to Suza, as Hostages for 6000 Livres Contribution which the Inhabitants have agreed to furnish. The 31st arriv'd a Courier; dispatch'd from Lansbourg in Savoy by Monsieur de Blagnac, with the News of his having surpriz'd and taken 2 Troops of French Dragoons in that Place, whose Standards he has sent hither; By this Courier we learn further, that Monsieur de Blagnac is march'd towards Trumignone with intent to surprize 2 other Troops in that Place; and that 2 Regiments of the Forces of the Dutchy of Aoste are in motion towards St. Michel to endeavour to surround and take some of the Enemies Infantry. The Protestants of the Valley of Luserne are fortifying and securing laPerouse by building 2 Forts on each side the River Chizon, and his Royal Highness has commanded the Communities in the Neighbourhood of that Place to send in Workmen thither, that those Fortifications may be speedily finish'd.

Letters from Switzerland of the 3d of this Month tell us, that Monsieur Arnauld, a Man famous among the Vaudois, was come into that Country from Germany with 500 of his Countrymen, whom he is leading to Piemont, to serve the Duke of Savoy.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, April 4.

Nimes, March 16. 'Tis confirm'd that the white Camisars having Intelligence a Party of the Camisars were in the Village of Garrigues, march'd thither to attack them: The latter drew out of the Village, fought manfully a while, and then retir'd in agen; but the white Camisars setting Fire to the out Houses of the Village, the others were oblig'd to save themselves by Flight, after having lost 50 Men, and our Men entring put to the Sword all the Inhabitants they found in the Village. The Inhabitants of the Village of Dions, being half old Catholicks and half new Converts, and the latter having furnish'd Succours to the Camisars, the white Camisars came suddenly upon them t'other day and put them to the Sword. Near another Village call'd Canaule, there has been found in a Cave several Tuns of Wine, a great quantity of Meal, and 400 Gammons of Bacon, which had been laid up there by the Camisars. Just now the bad News is come, of the Defeat of a Battallion of Marines by a Body of 2000 Camisars, who were assisted by some Peasants with their Wives and Children, arm'd with Slings, Pitchforks, *&c.* 19 of the King's Officers, and 300 Soldiers were kill'd, the rest sav'd themselves in the neighbouring Towns.

From the Brussels Gazette, dated April 1.

Alais, March 17. The Rebels have lately appear'd, in strong Parties, in our Neighbourhood, and have stop'd several Posts and taken the Letters. Monsieur de la Lande coming hither from St. Hypolite met and kill'd 8 of them; who are said to be the very Persons that slew the Prior of Mial[illegible] at the Gate of Anduze. A Battallion of Blessois, being on the March hither from St. Pierre de la Salle, was attack'd by a great Number of the Rebels; of the latter 15 were kill'd, but of the King's Soldiers only one was kill'd and 3 wounded. Two days ago, on Advice that 1200 of the Rebels commanded by Cavalier were in a Wood near this Town, Monsieur de la Joncquiere march'd that way with a Battallion of Marines, and was to have been joyn'd by other Troops, but they not coming as soon as he expected, he advanc'd with his Battallion towards the Rebels, fell into an Ambush, made the best defence he was able, but was oblig'd to retire. This Battallion was very roughly handled, and the Action cost us 200 Men kill'd or wounded, among them 15 or 16 Officers.

From the Frontiers of Savoy, March 25. We have received by several Letters the following Relation of an Action that has pass'd in the Cevennes.

The 15th of this Month, the Marshal de Montrevel being inform'd that there were 500 Camisars in the Wood of Vesenobre near Alais, immediately detach'd a Battallion of Marines, with the Regiment of Dumas, and 300 Men of the Militia. The Battallion of Marines engag'd first, the Camisars defended themselves very vigorously, retreating as they fought. The Regiment of Dumas and the Militia follow'd them close. But the Camisars retiring still, at length drew the King's Troops pretty far into the Wood, where 1400 of their Companions lay in Ambush upon the Ground on their Bellies, who rising up surrounded the Royalists, and charg'd them so warmly, that very few of them escap'd. The Battallion of Marines was almost wholly cut off with their Officers; and as the Fight grew to an End and the King's Forces fell into disorder, 100 of the Militia went over to the Camisars. Monsieur de Jonquiere, who commanded this Detachment made his Escape [illegible] the Camisars, swum the Gardon, and with great difficulty got to Nimes. The rest sav'd themselves as they could and return'd to Alais. 'Tis computed this Action cost them 1000 Men, tho' they own the Loss of but 300.

Basil, March 30. This day we receiv'd the following Account of the Action that pass'd lately in the Sevennes.

The Camisars having made such a Disposition of their Forces about Vesenobres, that at a Signal they could draw together a Body of between 1500 and 2000 Men, caus'd 500 to shew themselves, and instructed a Peasant, one of their Adherents, to give Advice of it to the Town of Alais. On which Advice it was thought good to send out 2 Regiments to endeavour to hem them in and cut them off, who being accordingly advanc'd to them began to attack them. But the Camisars defended themselves so well, that without seeming to give back with Design, they retreated orderly fighting, and gave time to their Companions that lay behind in Parties to extend themselves along their Enemies Wings. Thus the King's Troops came to be environ'd and charg'd on all Sides, which put them into a great Consternation, and the Camisars easily made a terrible Slaughter among them killing 1200, the rest sav'd themselves as they could. A great many Officers were kill'd. And, what was very

very advantagious to the Camiſars, beſides the Victory, theſe Troops were juſt new cloath'd, ſo that they have furniſhed themſelves with a good number of Arms and Cloaths.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated April 11.

Paris, April 4. The Marſhal de Villars has order'd his Equipage, part of which was gone to Rheims, to go by the way of Dijon and Lions to Languedoc; whither he is going to take upon him the Command of the King's Troops in the room of the Marſhal de Montrevel, who is to go into Guienne, where the People ſeem diſpos'd to take Arms againſt the Government. 'Tis ſaid the King diſapproves the Conduct of the Marſhal de Montrevel towards the Camiſars, whom the Court now thinks of reducing by gentle Methods, and the Marſhal de Villars is to offer them a general Pardon before he enters upon Action; but the Advices from thence give no grounds to hope ſuch an Offer will be haſtily accepted, eſpecially ſince the Action that lately paſs'd not far from Alais, when 6 Companies of Marines were ſurrounded, near the Village of Veſenobres, by a great number of Camiſars of the Body commanded by Cavalier, who routed the Marines and burnt the Village.

Lisbon, March 23. N. S. On the 13th inſtant Admiral Leake with the Tranſport Ships under his Convoy having the remainder of the Forces on board, arriv'd ſafe in the River. The Troops began to diſembark laſt week, 3 Regiments are encamp'd on the other ſide of the River, which have Orders to march immediately towards the Frontiers, and the reſt will follow as ſoon as they are provided with Carriages and every thing neceſſary for their March, which the King of Portugal deſigns to furniſh without any delay. On the 19th Sir George Rooke hoiſted his Flag on board the Hampton-Court, and ſail'd out of the River with about 20 Men of War Engliſh and Dutch. Our laſt Advice from the Frontiers bring an Account that the Duke of Anjou had aſſembled moſt of his Forces within 20 Leagues of Badajos, but that they conſiſted for moſt part of the Militia, and very few Regular Troops, and the Duke of Berwick that is to command them is in Badajos. About 3 or 4 days ago a Spaniſh Ship richly laden from the Weſt-Indies, was forc'd aſhore by a Dutch Privateer that was in chace of her near Faro, and was taken poſſeſſion of by the Portugueze, who are bringing the Effects aſhore, which are valued at about 8 or 9 Millions of Pieces of Eight.

Lisbon, March 24.

The 7th Her Majeſty's Ships the Exeter and Tartar came into this place from Conſtantinople and Smyrna. The 9th Rear Admiral Dilks with the Suffolk, Panther and Lark, was detach'd by Sir George Rooke (upon Advice from a Dutch Privateer) in ſearch of ſome Spaniſh Ships, which that Evening he got ſight of, and the Kent, Bedford and Antelope, being order'd to follow him, the 12th he came up with and took the ſaid Ships, being 2 Galleons call'd the Porta Cœli and Sancta Tereſa of 60 Guns each, the other a Merchant-man of 24 Guns call'd the St. Nicholas, all from St. Sebaſtians laden with Bombs, Guns, Iron Bars, &c. bound for Cadiz, from whence they were to be fitted out and ſent to the Weſt-Indies; the Commadore's Name is Don Diego Biuena, who had a Commiſſion to command all the Squadron deſign'd for thoſe Parts. The 19th, The Mountague took a Spaniſh Ship of 70 Tons under Cape Spartell laden with Horſe-ſhoes, Nails and Rozen, coming from St. Sebaſtian's. The 24th Rear Admiral Dilks came in ſight of the Rock of Lisbon, when Pilots came off, but the St. Tereſa Prize was unhappily loſt upon the Catchups, but moſt of the Men ſaved, and the Lieutenant of the Suffolk who commanded her. The King of Spain is in perfect Health, the Queen Dowager is not dead as reported, but much amended of her Indiſpoſition.

London, April 10. On Saturday the Earl of Romney died of the Small Pox.

Letters from Rotterdam adviſe, that Mr. Benjamin Sweet, Deputy-Paymaſter of Her Majeſty's Forces in Flanders, was taken as he was going over to Holland lately in a Merchant Ship, by a French Privateer, and carried into Oſtend.

On Friday Night laſt 3 notorious Highway-men who were committed Priſoners to the Gatehouſe a few days ago, broke Priſon and are eſcap'd.

The Exeter and the Tartar are arriv'd at Lisbon from Conſtantinople, whence they have brought under their Convoy the De la Val Galley Captain Earl Commander.

On Saturday Stocks were as follows, Bank 127 & a half. New Comp. 256. Shares 31 & a half. Old Comp. 137 & 3 qrs. Million Bank 90 & a half. Sword Blades 90 & a half. African 21 & a half. Army Debentures 82 & 3 qrs.

All Perſons that are or pretend to be intereſted in the Ship Roſe of Newcaſtle, whereof Robert Preſton deceas'd was late Maſter, lying at Execution-Dock in Wapping, are deſired to meet Mr. William Forſter at the Ship Alehouſe on St. Mary Hill Billingſgate on Saturday next the 15th inſtant by Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon, in order to know the true Owner of the ſaid Ship, and the Sums of Money due on Bottomree or otherwiſe, ſo that juſt Satisfaction may be given to all perſons according to their Intereſt.

Whereas at the Fire, which happen'd at the Temple on Thurſday night laſt, ſeveral perſons were obſerv'd to get in at the Windows of the Study of the Chamber where the Fire began, and to carry away ſeveral Goods out of the ſaid Chambers, and particularly one oaken Desk, two Orders on the Exchequer, one upon Coal and Culm, Numb. 407. the other upon the Vellum Act Numb. 610. and an oaken ſquare Box about 22 Inches ſquare, wherein were Bank Notes and Bills of a conſiderable Value. If any of the ſaid perſons will give or leave notice at Andrew's Coffee-houſe in Deveraux Court near the Middle-Temple-back-gate of any of the ſaid Desk, Box or Goods, or in whoſe Cuſtody the ſame are, ſo that the ſame may be had again, with the ſaid Bills and Notes reſtored, they ſhall be well rewarded according to the value of the things reſtored or recovered. The payments of the ſaid ſeveral Bills and Notes being ſtop'd at the Bank, and alſo the payment of the Orders at the Exchequer.

Juſt now publiſh'd,

A True and Succinct Account of the Venereal Diſeaſe; Shewing its Nature, Cauſes, various ways of Infecting, the eaſineſs of its Cure, and the Reaſons why ſo many daily miſs of Cure; with ſome Directions whereby the Patients themſelves may know when, and when not, they are in ſafe and skilful Hands for Cure. Publiſhed for the Uſe of all whom it may in any wiſe concern, but more eſpecially for thoſe that now have, or at any time may have the Misfortune of that Diſtemper. In order to prevent their being ruin'd by ignorant Pretenders, whoſe fraudulent Practices are plainly diſcover'd, their daily Abuſes detected, their fair Promiſes proved fallacious, and their Methods and Medicines pernicious. The whole interſpers'd with pertinent Obſervations, by John Marten Practitioner in Chyrurgery. To which is added, a few words concerning old Gleets, which are generally procur'd by ill Management, and by moſt deem'd incurable: The certain Cure thereof by the Grand STERICTON, a Chymical Preparation diſcover'd by the Author, the like for Safety and Effect never before uſed in practice. Printed for and ſold by S. Crouch in Cornhill, J. Knapton in St. Paul's Church-yard, and p. Varenne at Seneca's Head near Somerſet-Houſe in the Strand. price 1 s.

Lately publiſh'd,

Plain Engliſh. A Sermon preach'd at St. Mary-le-Bow, on Monday March 27. 1704. For Reformation of Manners. With ſome Enlargements. By William Biſſet one of the Miniſters of St. Katharine's by the Tower. The Third Edition. printed for the Author, and ſold by A. Baldwin in Warwick-lane. price 6 d.

This day is publiſh'd,

The Remedy of Love, a Poem, in Imitation of Ovid, Written under theſe following Heads, The Remedy of Love, The poets Ambition, an Apology to Cupid, Love, Beauty, Dreſs, Feaſts, park, publick Walks, plays, Bath and Wells, Balls, Chocolate-houſe, Muſick, poetry, Solitude, Converſation of Lovers, particular places, Kiſſing, Tears, Oppoſition by Degrees, Employment, Study, War, the Country, Abſence, Reſolution, Reflections on the Sex, on Marriage, a ſingle Life, Example, Diſſimulation, Variety of Miſtreſſes, Food and Wine, Enjoyment, the Cloſe. Written by Mr. Th. Uvedale. printed for N. Cox at the Golded Bible without Temple-Bar next palſgrave Court.

There is ſelling out of a Ship at Billinſgate, excellent Newfoundland Codd, with the Sownds and Tongues, at Eighteen Pence per Couple, and by the Hundred at other Prices.

The late Mrs. Harriſon's India Goods and Wares will continue to be ſold by Auction at her late dwelling Houſe in Southampton-ſtreet near Bloomsbury; And for the better Incouragement of all Gentlemen and Ladies or Traders, the Goods will be put in at the pleaſure of the Company. The Sale will continue this preſent Monday at 4 in the Afternoon at the ſame hour and place.

Whereas the ſo much fam'd Strops, for ſetting Razors, Pen-knives, &c. upon, inſtead of a Hoane, have been for ſome time ſold at Jacob's Coffee-houſe in Threadneedle-ſtreet; Theſe are to give Notice, that the Author of the ſaid Strops hath removed them to John's Coffee-houſe in Sweetings-Alley near the Royal Exchange, as hath been mention'd ſeveral times in the Gazette ſince the 4th of November laſt, where, and no where elſe, the true ones prepared by the firſt Author are to be had, ready fixed upon Boards, to prevent Counterfeits, for ſuch are abroad. Price 1 s. each.

LONDON Printed, and Sold by *Sam. Buckley* at the *Dolphin* in *Little-Britain*.